Conselleria d'Educació i Universitats
Institut d'Avaluació i Qualitat del Sistema Educatiu

Maig 2024

Avaluació diagnòstica 2023-2024
2n d'educació secundària obligatòria

Competència en comunicació lingüística en llengua anglesa

MODEL 4

Nom i llinatges: _____

Centre: _____ Grup: _____

Instruccions

- Per fer la prova utilitza un bolígraf blau o negre no esborrable.
- No facis servir cap corrector (líquid, cinta…).
- En aquest MODEL hauràs de respondre de la manera següent:
  - A la **PART 1: listening** (àudio) i **reading** (comprensió escrita):
    * encerclant l'opció o les opcions de resposta correctes:

A (B) C D

    * escrivint la resposta correcta en **anglès** dins del requadre:

Yes, because…

    * completant les taules en què l'enunciat demana que relacionis columnes:

1	2	3	4
C	B	D	A

    * o emplenar espais en blanc amb la paraula o les paraules correctes en **anglès**:

Write your answer here: _____.

  - Fixa't si hi ha una o més respostes correctes per a cada pregunta. Si t'equivoques, retxa l'error i marca de nou la resposta correcta amb un cercle. Per tornar a marcar com a correcta una resposta prèviament retxada, encercla-la amb un cercle més gran.



  - La **PART 2 writing** (expressió escrita) és per escriure la redacció final en **anglès**, que ha de tenir unes 8 línies. Si necessites fer una planificació o esquema del text que has d'escriure, pots utilitzar l'espai indicat al quadern amb el nom d'*esborrany*.
    * Recorda que només pots escriure la teva resposta dins l'espai que marca el requadre.
  - A les **DUES PARTS** trobaràs preguntes de **mediació** on hauràs de traduir o explicar frases en anglés a català o a castellà.



Listening 1

Ara escoltaràs un àudio dos cops. El primer és per respondre les preguntes i el segon per repassar-ne les respostes.

Àudio: Stop wasting time



1. **What** are Tom and his mother **talking about**?

   A. How to do Math's homework.
   B. Qualifications at school.
   C. Wasting time.

0-1-2

2. Tom and his mother are _____ (**Write a place**).

3. **Which** do you think is **Tom's mum purpose**? **Justify** your answer.

0-1-2

4. **Which** sentence is **not true**?

   A. Spot is a cat.
   B. Spot stops Tom working.
   C. Tom loves Spot.

5. **Why** is it important to have an **apple** and some **water** in the **bedroom**? **Justify** your answer.

0-1-2

6. Give **two ideas** that **mum** mentions:

-
-

0-1-2

0-1

7. **Which** word is **similar** to "instantani" o "instantáneo"? _____ .

8. Is **school** important in Tom's family?

A. Yes, it's literally said.

B. Yes, it can be guessed.

C. No, it's impossible to guess it.



Listening 2

Ara escoltaràs un àudio dos cops. El primer és per respondre les preguntes i el segon per repassar-ne les respostes.

Àudio: Weather forecast

9. **Is the reporter** in the **street** or in a **radio** studio? **Justify** your answer.

	0-1

10. What's the **weather** like in the North of the country?

A. Wet and cold.

B. Windy and cold.

C. Windy and dry.

11. Is the sentence **true or false**?

"You need an umbrella in the West".

Justify your answer.

	0-1

12. **Name two items** you need in the North.

• •	0-1-2

13. What do you think is the **main intention** of the reporter?

A. To inform
B. To entertain
C. To advise

14. What can you do that day **if you live** in the East? **Justify** your answer.

0-1-2

15. Is the title "Weather Forecast" **useful** to anticipate what you have listened? **Justify** your answer.

0-1-2



Writing. *Mediació: traducció* 1

16a. Explica el significat de: "**Turn off your phone**" en català o en castellà.

0-1

16b. Per què diu el locutor: "**don't leave home without your umbrella**"? Ho pots explicar en català o en castellà.

0-1-2

La prova continua a la pàgina següent ⇒



Reading 1

Let´s celebrate carnival

The carnival of Santa Cruz de Tenerife (Canary Islands, Spain) is the second largest after the carnival of Rio de Janeiro. It takes place once a year, 40 days before Easter, and it is famous all over the world. Each year there is a new theme for the carnival, and it is never repeated.

The official carnival consists of several parts and lasts a week:
Carnival Queen Selection: the costumes are created during several months. They are usually made of plastic, metal and paper and can weigh a hundred or more kilos.
Opening Parade: the parade passes through the main streets and announces the beginning of the Carnival.
The Main Procession: residents and guests of the island dress in a variety of costumes, wigs and hats. There are also "Murgas", a creative competition of performing satirical verses and "Comparsas", song and dance competitions.
Burial of the sardine: the carnival ends with a funeral procession of the spirit of Carnival, symbolized by a big sardine made of paper transported through the main street. All this is accompanied by dance music.

After the carnival, during the year, in different parts of the island, you can see performances of dance groups or musical orchestras dressed in bright costumes.

Adapted from iSLCollective.com







17. According to the text, **when** and **how often** is this carnival **celebrated**? **Justify** your answer.

0-1-2

18. **What** is the text about?

A. The history of Carnival in Europe.
B. Comparison between Santa Cruz de Tenerife and Rio de Janeiro Carnivals.
C. Description of Santa Cruz de Tenerife Carnival.

19. According to the text, mention **three objects** people dress during the "**Main Procession**":

-
-
-

0-1-2

20. **Match** the words with the **correct** definition and write the correct letter (A, B, C) in the table:

1. Easter
2. Island
3. Sardine

A. Christian holiday celebrating the resurrection of Christ.
B. Small fish often eaten as food.
C. Piece of land surrounded by water.

1. Easter	**2. Island**	**3. Sardine**

0-1

21. According to the text, mention at least **two main aspects** of the official Carnival.

-
-

0-1-2

22. **How** can a native English speaker understand the **meaning** of "**Murgas and Comparsas**"? **Justify** your answer.

0-1

23. What does **parade** mean?

A. A public procession, especially one celebrating a special day or event.

B. An annual festival 40 days before Easter with processions, music and dancing.

C. An organized series of concerts, plays, films.

24. **What happens after** the carnival during the year? **Justify** your answer.

0-1-2

25. **How** do you celebrate Carnival in your town? **Make a list** mentioning **three things** or **three activities**. (About 10 words).

-
-
-

0-1-2

La prova continua a la pàgina següent ⇒



Reading 2

Chocolate, the biggest pleasure in life

Chocolate is extremely popular in Britain, just like in all the other countries of the world. The British are one of the biggest chocolate consumers. They eat about 10 kg per person per year. Apparently women buy more chocolate than men, but it doesn't mean they eat more because they give some of it away as a present. Men buy less chocolate, but normally eat it all themselves. And finally, according to statistics, most men would rather eat chocolate than drive around in a sports car; and most women rather spend an evening eating chocolate than in the theatre.

The popularity of chocolate is shown by the fact that there are chocolate societies, chocolate weekends and there are magazines just about chocolate in Britain. But what makes it so special? Scientists proved that chocolate can make you feel physically good because of the ingredients it contains. It is sweet, light and absolutely delicious. But on the downside, if you eat a lot of chocolate, you may put on weight and become fat. And dentists say that it is not good for your teeth. So chocolate makes you feel psychologically good, but you often feel bad about eating a lot of chocolate because you know it's not good for health.

Adapted from iSLCollective.com





26. According to the text, mention **two negative consequences** of eating chocolate for your health.

-
-

0-1-2

27. Chocolate is…

A. more popular in Britain than in other countries.
B. as popular in Britain as in other countries.
C. less popular in Britain than in other countries.

28. According to the text, which option is **TRUE**.

Eating chocolate…

A. always makes you feel good.
B. always makes you feel bad.
C. makes you feel good or bad.

29. According to the text, can you explain in **two sentences**:

- **Why** eating chocolate is good?
- **Why** eating chocolate is bad?

- It´s good because it…
- It´s bad because it…

0-1-2

30. What's the **meaning** of the expression "**on the downside**" that appears in the text?

A. Problem
B. Consequence
C. Advantage

31. According to the text, women ..... more chocolate than men.

A. usually buy
B. get as present
C. always eat

32. According to the text, **why** do we eat chocolate? **Justify** your answer.

0-1-2

33. Men like eating chocolate more than:

A. 

B. 

C. 

Writing

34. A continuació hauràs de fer una redacció de **8 línies**. Si n'escrius menys es veurà afectada la teva puntuació. Et recomanam que primer facis un esborrany en l'espai en blanc que hi ha en la pàgina següent i la versió final l'escriguis en el requadre en blanc.

Continua la següent història. Escriu 8 línies aproximadament.

It was four o'clock in the afternoon. It was raining and I was alone at home...

SHORT STORY

In your essay, you should answer these questions:

- Where was I?
- In which part of the house?
- What did I do?
- What happened next?
- What happened at the end?



0-1-2 ☐ 34a

0-1-2 ☐ 34b

0-1-2 ☐ 34c

0-1-2 ☐ 34d

0-1-2 ☐ 34e

0-1-2 ☐ 34f

0-1-2 ☐ 34g

0-1-2 ☐ 34h

0-1-2 ☐ 34i

0-1-2 ☐ 34j

0-1-2 ☐ 34k

Esborrany

La prova continua a la pàgina següent ⇒



Writing. Mediation 2

Torna a revisar la lectura: "Chocolate, the biggest pleasure in life" i respon aquestes preguntes:

35a. Your younger brother does not understand English well. He has found the article: "Chocolate, the biggest pleasure in life". **Explain** to him the **main ideas** of the text in Catalan or Spanish.

0-1

35b. How would you explain to him in Spanish or Catalan, the meaning of "**put on weight**"? **Explain** the meaning of: "**put on weight**" in Catalan or Spanish.

0-1

Si has repassat bé tota la prova...

Enhorabona: has acabat!

Moltes gràcies per la teva col·laboració!

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Les imatges emprades per al disseny de la prova tenen les llicències